### Safety Data Sheet

This sheet is only provided as technical information and is referred normal use of the product in question. PAIRDEER makes no warranty expressed or implied.

#### **Section 1- Identification**

Product Name	Sizes
Carbon-zinc batteries (PVC jacket)	R6/R03/R20/R14
Company:	Telephone Numbers:
NingboGP & Sonluk Battery Co.,Ltd.	+86 574 87910000
Address:	Date of preparation
No.600 Qingfeng Road, Cicheng Town,	Jan.1, 2025
Jiangbei District, Ningbo, Zhejiang, China	

#### **Section 2-Hazards Identification**

This contains potassium hydroxide solution (KOH), and other combustible materials, all sealed in steel can. For this reason, improper handling of the battery could lead to distortion, leakage\*, overheating, explosion and cause human injury or equipment trouble. Please strictly observe safety instructions.

(\*leakage is defined as an unintended escape of liquid from a battery.) Results of PBT and vPvB assessment:

PBT: NA vPvB: NA

Determination of endocrine-disrupting properties:NA

Web Site:http://www.sonluk.com

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#### Section 3- Composition/Information on Ingredients

Ingredient	CAS#	Approximate Content(wt%)			
		R6	R03	R14	R20
Manganese Dioxide (MnO <sub>2</sub> )	1313-13-9	27.8	26.1	28	28.9
Zinc (Zn)	7440-66-6	30	33.9	28.2	25.7
Water (H₂O)	7732-18-5	15.5	13.8	16.6	17.7
ZincChloride (ZnCl <sub>2</sub> )	7646-85-7	7.5	6.7	8.1	8.6
Ammonium Chloride (NH <sub>4</sub> CI)	12125-02-9	1.2	1.1	1.3	1.4
Acetylene Black	1333-86-4	5.2	5.1	5.7	6.3
Steel	7439-89-6	2.5	2.4	2.9	2.5
Graphite	7782-42-5	7.4	7.3	5.5	5.9
PE	9002-88-4	1.4	1.8	2.6	2.1
Cellulose microcrystalline	9004-34-6	1.5	1.8	1.1	0.9

#### **Section 4-First Aid Measures**

None unless internal materials exposure. If contents are leaked out, observe following instructions

Inhalation Fumes can cause respiratory irritation. Remove to fresh air and consult

a physician.

Skin Immediately flush skin with plenty of water. If itch or irritation by chemical

burn persists, consult a physician.

Eyes Immediately flush eye with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes. Consult

a physician immediately

Ingestion If swallowing a battery, consult a physician immediately.

If contents come into mouth, immediately rinse by plenty of water and

consult a physician.

#### **Section 5-Fire Fighting Measures**

In case of fire, it is permissible to use any class of extinguishing medium on these batteries or their packing material. Cool exterior of batteries if exposed to fire to prevent rupture. Fire fighters should wear self-contained breathing apparatus.



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#### **Section 6-Accidental Release Measures**

Steps to be taken in case material is released or spilled.

Batteries that are leakage should be handled with rubber gloves.

Avoid direct contact with electrolyte.

Wear protective clothing and a positive pressure Self-Contained Breathing Apparatus (SCBA).

#### **Section 7-Handling and Storage**

#### 1) Handling

Never swallow. Never charge. Never heat. Never expose to open flame. Never disassemble. Never reverse the positive and negative terminals when mounting. Never short-circuit the battery. Never weld the terminal or wire to the body of the battery directly. Never use different batteries together. Never touch the liquid leaked out of battery. Never bring fire close to battery liquid. Never keep in touch with battery.

#### 2) Storage

Never store the battery in hot and high humid place.

#### **Section 8-Exposure Controls/Personal Protection**

No engineering measure is necessary during normal use. If internal cell materials are leaked, the information in Section 4 & Section 6 will be useful.

#### Section 9-Physical/Chemical Characteristics

Nominal Voltage: 1.5V

#### **Section 10-Stability and Reactivity**

Stability Stable

Hazardous polymerization Will not occur

Condition to avoid See section 7.

Hazardous Decomposition or Byproducts Hydrogen



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#### Section 11-Toxicological Information

Skin corrosion/irritation: Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.

Serious eye damage/irritation: Causes serious eye damage.

Respiratory or skin sensitisation: Based on available data, the classification criteria are

not met.

Germ cell mutagenicity: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Carcinogenicity: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Reproductive toxicity: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

STOT-single exposure: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

STOT-repeated exposure: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Aspiration hazard: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Endocrine disrupting properties: None of the ingredients is listed.

#### **Section 12-Ecological Information**

Aquatic toxicity: No further relevant information available

Persistence and degradability: No further relevant information available.

Bioaccumulative potential: No further relevant information available..

Mobility in soil: No further relevant information available.

Results of PBT and vPvB assessment:

PBT: NA vPvB: NA

Endocrine disrupting properties: The product does not contain substances with

endocrine disrupting properties.

#### Section 13-Disposal condition

The battery may be regulated by national or local regulation. Please follow the instructions of proper regulation. As electric capacity is left in a discarded battery and it comes into contact with other metals, it could lead to distortion, leakage, overheating, or explosion, so make sure to cover the (+)and (-) terminals with friction tape or some other insulator before disposal.

#### **Section 14-Transportation Information**

In general, all batteries in all forms of transportation (ground, air, or ocean) must be packaged in a safe and responsible manner. Regulatory concerns from all agencies for

NA=Not Applicable

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safe packaging require that batteries be packaged in a manner that prevents short circuits and be contained in "strong outer packaging" that prevents spillage of contents. All original packaging for PAIRDEER Carbon Zinc batteries has been designed to be compliant with these regulatory concerns.

Carbon Zinc batteries (sometimes referred to as "Dry cell" batteries) are not listed as dangerous goods under the ADR European Agreement Concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road, the IMDG International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code, UN Dangerous Good Regulations, IATA Dangerous Goods Regulations, ICAO Technical Instructions and the U.S. hazardous materials regulations (49 CFR). These batteries are not subject to the dangerous goods regulations provided they meet the requirements contained in the following special provisions.

Regulatory Body	Special Provisions	
ADR	Not regulated	
IMDG	Not regulated	
UN	Not regulated	
US DOT	49 CFR 172.102 Provision 130	
IATA	A123	
ICAO	Not regulated	

All PAIRDEER Carbon Zinc batteries are packed in such a way to prevent short circuits or the generation dangerous quantities of heat and meet the special provisions listed above. In addition, the 2025 IATA (66th edition) Dangerous Goods Regulations and ICAO Technical Instructions require the words "not restricted" and the Special Provision number A123 be provided on the air waybill, when an air waybill is issued.

#### **Section 15-Regulatory Information**

USA EPA Mercury Containing & Rechargeable Battery Management Act of 1996: No mercury added.

#### **Section 16-Other Information**

If you want further information, please contact PAIRDEER sales representative.

Prepared by: 岩塊 Checked by: January

NA=Not Applicable

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